Findings of the Independent Academic *Prostate* Studies in CLARITY-BPA

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Early-life BPA Exposure Increases Prostate Cancer Susceptibility



Ho, et al, Cancer Research, 2006; Prins, et al, Repro Toxicology, 2011; Prins et al, Environ Health Perspectives, 2017

<u>CLARITY-BPA</u>: <u>Prostate Independent Study</u>: Prins laboratory



Stop Dose: 0 (vehicle); BPA at 2.5, 25, 250, 2500 or 25,000 μ g/kg/day

SUMMARY

- Repeated previous findings:
 - Increased prostate cancer risk
 - Greatest effect at lowest BPA dose
 i.e. 2.5 μg/kg BPA



Low-dose BPA increased E_2 -induced adenocarcinoma multiplicity





Dorso-Lateral Prostate Ducts:

•Increased *multiplicity* of ductal adenocarcinoma in 2.5µg BPA (P<0.01 vs Vehicle). Trending for higher doses; borderline significance in parametric analysis.

How might early-life BPA exposure affect prostate cancer susceptibility later in life, long after BPA is cleared from the body?



CLARITY-BPA: Examined the stem and progenitor cells from BPA-exposed rat prostates

Animal Tx at FDA-NCTR





Workflow at UIC

Prostasphere (PS) Assay and Passage



Chronic exposure to low-dose BPA *increased* prostate stem cell numbers and progenitor cell proliferation





Representative of <u>progenitor cell</u> proliferation



Symmetric Committed division

Chronic low-dose EE and BPA (25 and 250 µg/kg) exposures alter progenitor cell lineage commitment

Basal Progenitor Pattern Luminal Progenitor Pattern 1.6 10 CK8 CK5 mRNA Levels (Fold Change) mRNA Levels (Fold Change) 1.4 Tbx3 Sox2 Trop2 Hoxb13 8 1.2 Sox9 1.0 6 0.8 4 0.6 0.4 2 0.2 0.0 0 Vehicle EΕ 25 250 2.5 EE Vehicle 2.5 25 250 BPA (Og/kg) BPA (Qg/kg)

See a shift towards *increased* basal progenitor lineage at the expense of *decreased* luminal progenitor lineage

CLARITY-BPA Prostate Study: Summary Model



How might the stem cell changes influence PCa susceptibility?

- Cancer risk is highly correlated to # normal stem cell divisions in most tissues, *including prostate.* (Tomasetti & Vogelstein, *Science*, 2015, 2017)
- Tumor initiating cells for human PCa are largely localized to basal cell population. (Goldstein et al, Science, 2010)
- Propose: Chronic in vivo low-dose BPA exposures ↑ prostate stem cell numbers and altered lineage commitment underpinning an increased carcinogenic risk with aging